MAJOR PRINCIPLES OF TM1 MODEL BUILDING

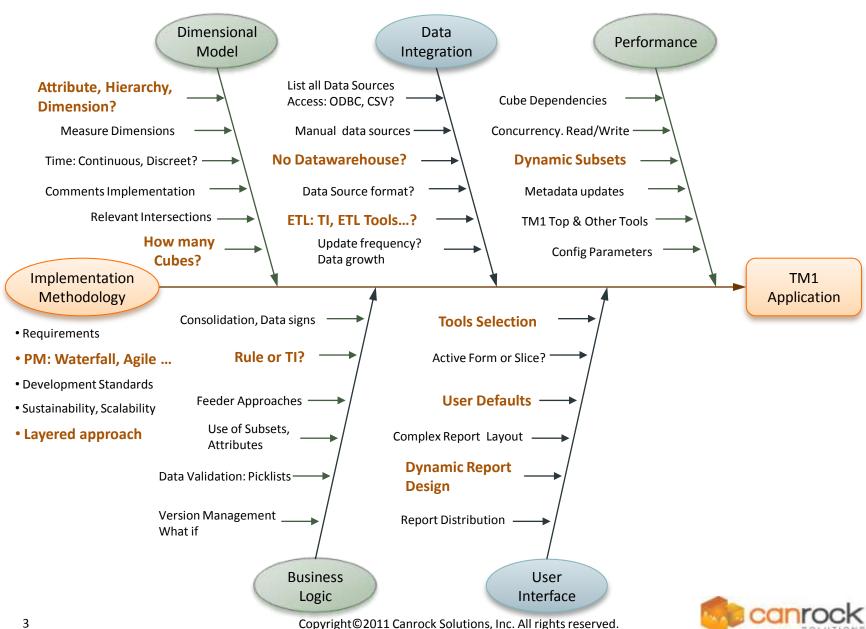
NOVEMBER 16TH, 2011



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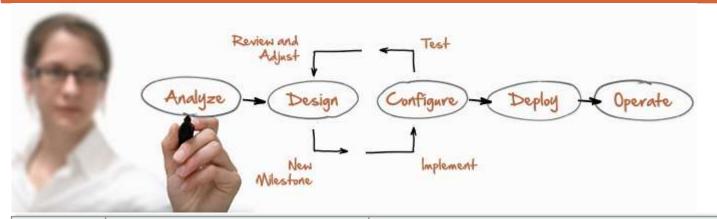


Implementation Methodology TM1
Application

- Requirements
- PM: Waterfall, Agile ...
- Development Standards
- Sustainability, Scalability
- Layered approach



USE METHODOLOGY ... THAT MAKES SENSE



Stage	Activity	Deliverable	
Analyze	 Set clear objectives and success criteria Analyze requirements Plan resources, effort, and timelines 	Requirements Document Project Plan	
Design	Prototype key design challenges. Design alternatives.	Solution Architecture Application Data Flow and Dependencies Dimensional Model and Cube-Dimensional matrix Data Integration Key business rules and processes Reporting strategy Security Technical infrastructure	
Configure	 Set milestone for each 2-3 weeks period Implement, unit test and review Feedback loop to design 	Complete functional application module at the end of each milestone.	
Deploy	 User acceptance testing (UAT) End user training Promotion to production	 Operational Guide Training plan Test (UAT) plan 	
Operate	On-going support Collect feedback	Lessons learned and go forward plan	



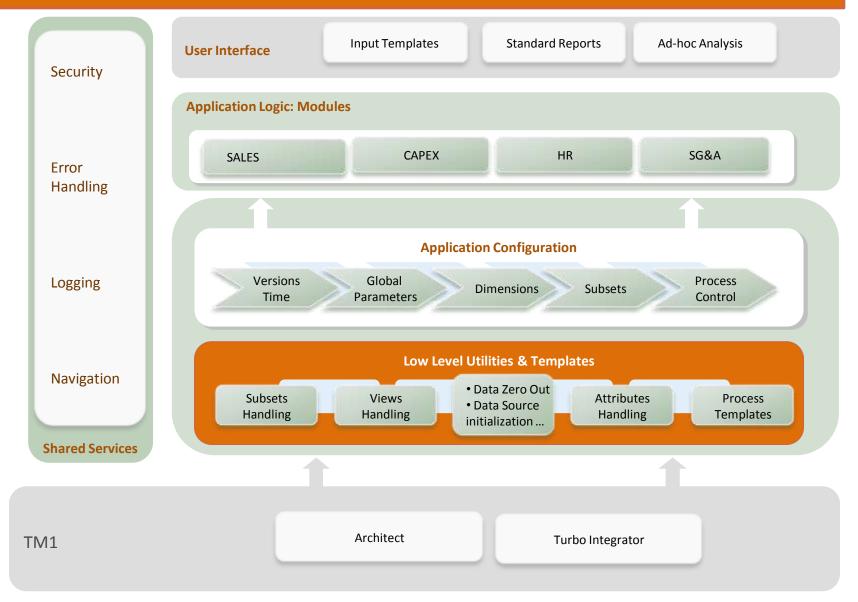
Simpler Solutions for Complex Requirements Common Standards



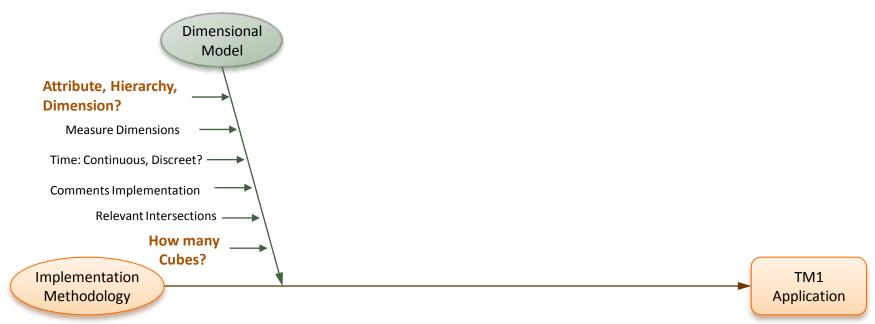
- Naming conventions
- Development standards
- Use element names, not aliases
- Externalize parameters and assumptions



LAYERED DESIGN, DRY PRINCIPLE



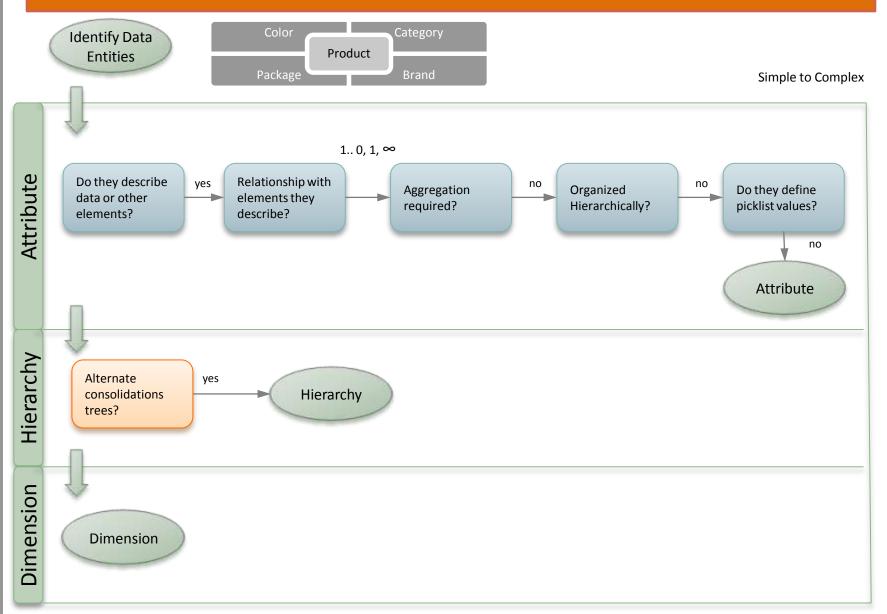




- Requirements
- PM: Waterfall, Agile ...
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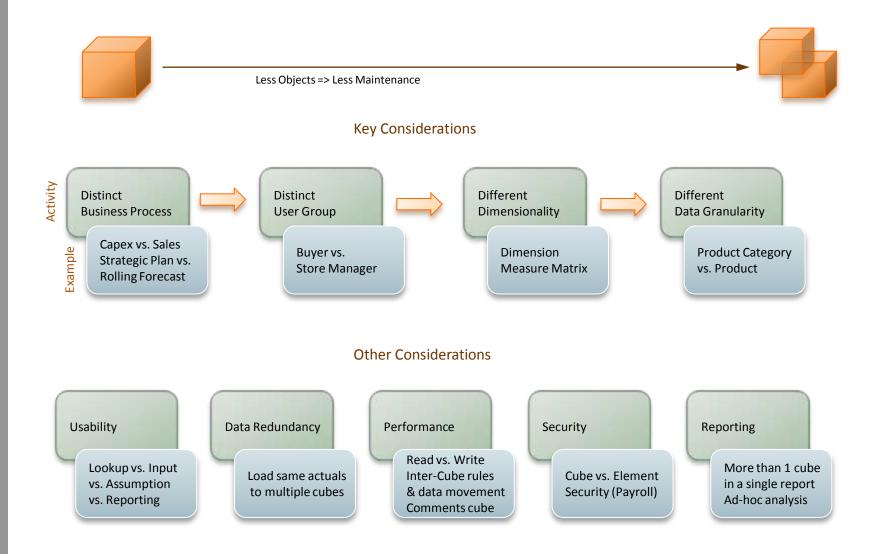


"ATTRIBUTE vs. HIERARCHY vs. DIMENSION" DECISION TREE

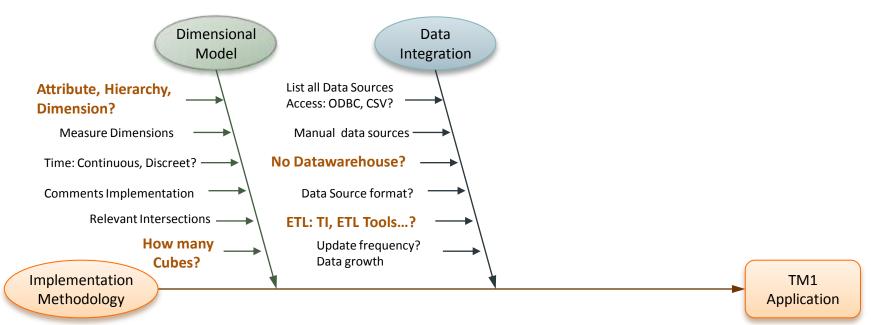




HOW MANY CUBES?



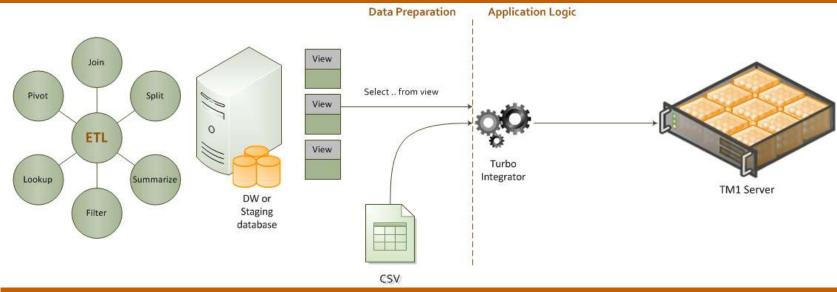




- Requirements
- PM: Waterfall, Agile ...
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Separate ETL from Application Logic.



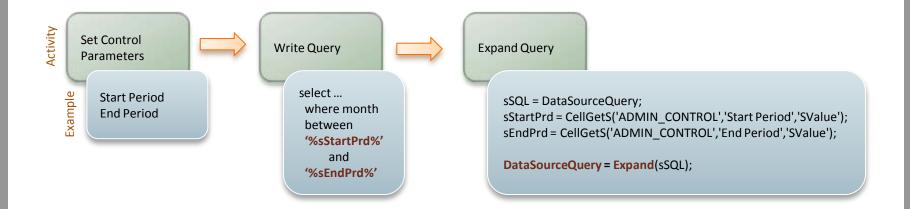
Standard Source Format.

Metadata				
Elem code				
Parent code				
Elem name				
Elem type				
Elem weight				
Elem format				
Attributes				

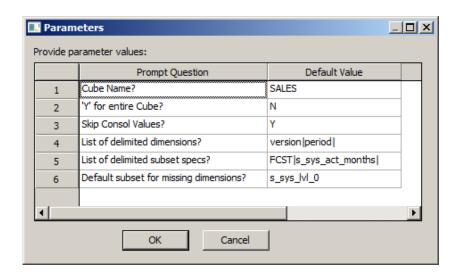
Data				
Dim 1 code				
Dim 2 code				
Dim N code				
Measure code				
Value				



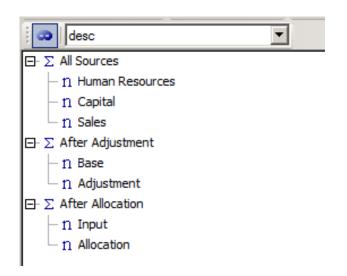
Parameterized Query



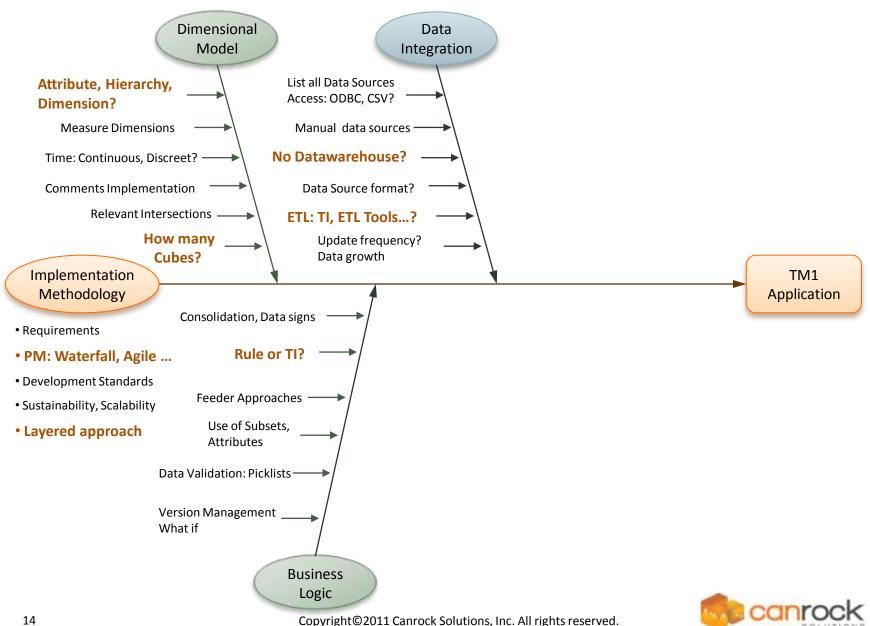
Zero-Out Utility



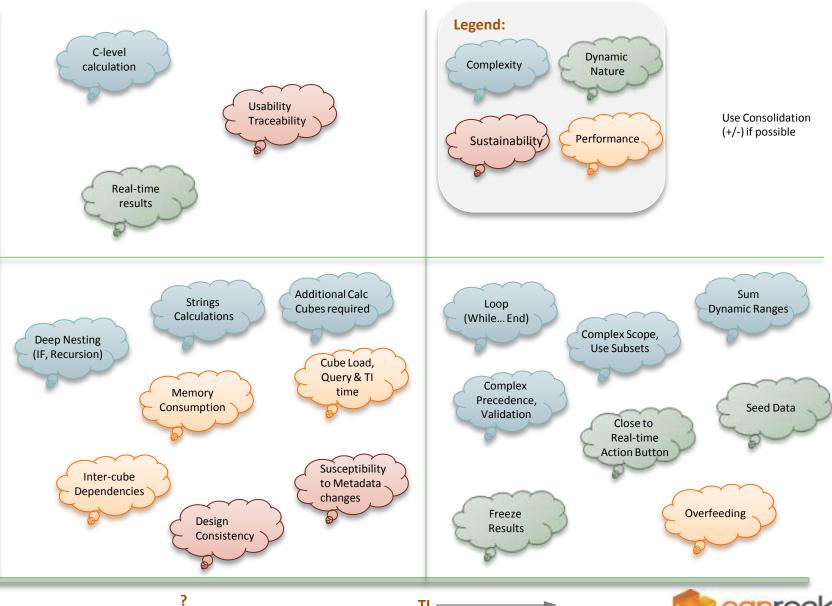
Source (Audit) Dimension







RULE OR TI?



Rule

C.

Rule Best Practices (incremental development and testing)

Development Standards

Comments # Indentation

Use {} for common rules {'Electronics', 'Furniture'}

Do not hardcode, use element name, not Alias

Use short reference [] vs. DB()

Uniqueness ['country':'us']

Rules Order

Organize rules from narrow to general scope ['beverages', 'price'] = N: ... ['price'] = N: ...

Consider STET function on a separate line ['Actual'] = N: STET; instead of IF and repeating [...] = N: IF (!version @= 'Actual', STET, ...); [...] = N: IF (!version @= 'Actual', STET, ...);

Relationship Functions

Consider future hierarchy changes ElPar (), ElIsAnc ()

Refrain from using DIMIX () to derive relative elements. Use attributes Instead: 'next', 'prior'

Functions

Use Reference Guide

Consider new 9.5.2
Consolidation Functions:
ConsolidatedMin ()
ConsolidatedMax ()
ConsolidatedAvg ()
ConsolidatedCount ()
ConsolidatedCountUnique ()

Feeders

Use them. Check them.

Select feeders carefully Avoid under-feeding, over-feeding

Refrain from conditional feeders if possible

TI Best Practices (incremental development and testing)

Development Standards

Comments # Indentation

Variables Convention

Centralize Data Source initialization

Declare user variables in the Prolog,
Cleanup in Epilog

Logging, Debugging TextOutput()

Error Handling

Subset
SubsetExists
(DimName, SubsetName)

Element
Dimlx (DimName,
ElemName) = 0

Child Process sPrName = 'sub_create'; nPrReturn = ExecuteProcess(sPrName); <<Error Handling>>

Skip to Epilog ProcessBreak;

Tabs

Use Metadata tab for metadata updates

Use Data tab for attribute values and data updates

Validate record at the top and use ItemSkip; to move to next record

Remove temporary objects: views and subsets
In the Epilog

Sustainability

Layered approach

- Create Subset

- Create View- Zero Out Data

Avoid repeating statements Use While...END and Expand s1='Core'; s2 = 'Non-Core';

nPos = 2; WHILE (nCnt <= nPos); sElem =

Expand ('%s'

| NumberToString(nCnt) | %');

END;

Performance

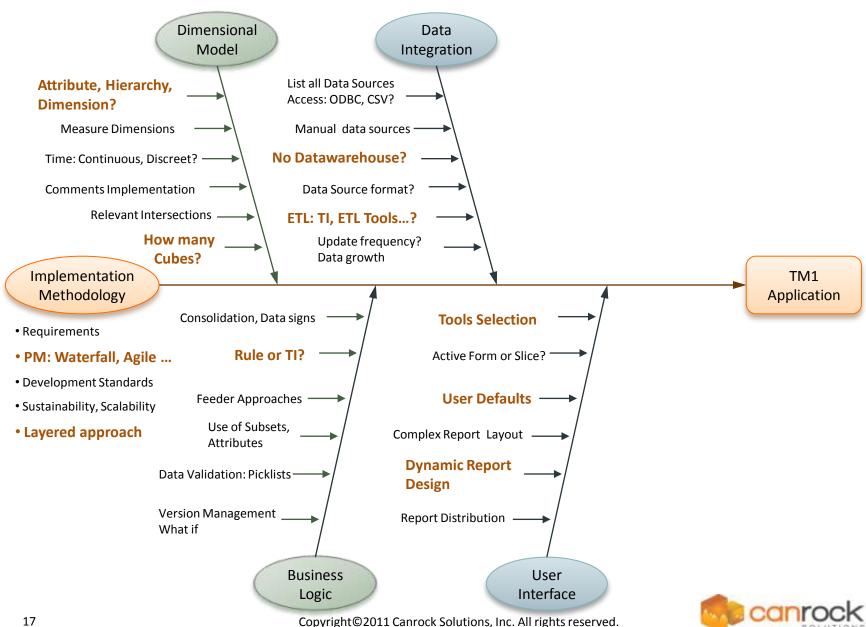
Move Data preparation to ETL layer

Only include required values in source view

Separate data and metadata updates

Use TM1Top() to fine-tune your processes





TM1 UI TOOLS - FUNCTIONALITY COMPARISON (9.5.2)

	Perspectives	TM1 Web	Contributor
Purpose	Manage TM1 applicationsData Entry and ReportingCreate and publish TM1 websheets	Data Entry and ReportingLimited Admin Tasks	Managed contribution • Data Entry and Reporting • Contributor Administrator
Technology	Excel add-in	ASP.Net Web application	Java Web application
Data Entry			
Slice and Dice, Pivot			
Charting			
Report / Template Layout Flexibility			
Customization			
Action Buttons Support			
Picklist, Sandbox			
Modeling			
Built-in Workflow			
Security			

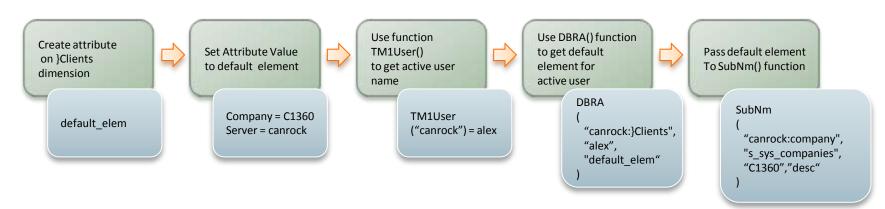


TM1 UI TOOLS - FUNCTIONALITY COMPARISON (9.5.2)

	Perspectives	TM1 Web	Contributor
Purpose	Manage TM1 applicationsData Entry and ReportingCreate and publish TM1 websheets	Data Entry and ReportingLimited Admin Tasks	Managed contribution • Data Entry and Reporting • Contributor Administrator
Technology	Excel add-in	ASP.Net Web application	Java Web application Requires Java-based Web application server
Data Entry	Yes	Yes	Yes
Slice and Dice, Pivot	Through Cube Viewer	Through Cube Viewer	Yes
Charting	Full Excl based charting capability	Limited support	Yes
Report / Template Layout Flexibility	Complete flexibility: 2 modes: active form and cell-based slice	Excel functionality not 100% equal.	Limited to cube views. Asymmetric format not supported
Customization	Complete VBA access	Limited through configuration	Limited through configuration
Action Buttons Support	Yes	Yes	No
Picklist, Sandbox	Yes	Yes	Yes
Modeling	Yes through Server Explorer	No	No
Built-in Workflow	No	No	Yes
Security	Any mode	Any mode	IntegratedSecurityMode=1 or 5 (external or CAM)



User Default



Dynamic Reports (DEMO)

- ✓ Link Title elements to TM1RptRow definition using
 - Subsets
 - MDX
- **✓** Select Current Element
 - SUBNM() with DBRA()
- ✓ Dynamic Zero Rows suppression
- √ Top (N) count based on Measure X

- √ Reference Names not Aliases in DBRW()
- √ Attribute based Conditional Formatting
- √ Excel based Running Total



SUMMARY - DO IT THE RIGHT WAY!

Strong standards. Iterate: focus on working modules.

Prototype Business rules.
Select best option (Rule/TI).

Sustainability Scalability

Layered approach to model design.

Match User Interface with user needs.
Design dynamic reports.

Dimensional Model is Key. Analyze alternatives.

Data Integration Framework in Phase 1. Separate Application logic from ETL.



QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

$$[] = 'Q' | 'A';$$

